

FEEL THE REAL IRELAND IN NEW YORK

Mammoth Demonstration Made in Parade Up Fifth Avenue Was Marked With Unrestrained Display of Approval For the "Republic of Ireland" and Bitterness Toward England—Banners With Stinging Sentiments Were Carried by the Women's Organizations—"Fighting Irish" Regiment Held the Place of Honor in the Long Parade—Green, White and Gold Flag of the "Republic of Ireland" Displaced the Old-Time Green Banner With Golden Harp—Tens of Thousands Packed the Sidewalks and Windows Along the Line of March.

New York, March 17.—Turning their annual St. Patrick's Day celebration into a mammoth demonstration in favor of the "Republic of Ireland," and bitterness toward England, thousands of New York's Irish marched up Fifth Avenue today in a parade that lasted more than three hours.

They were watched by tens of thousands packed the sidewalks and windows along more than seventy blocks of the avenue, and overflowing into Central Park and the side streets.

Rainbow Division, veterans of the 68th National Guard Regiment, known as the "Fighting Irish," marching in their service uniforms and carrying rifles held the place of honor in the long parade. Flanking them were the Stars and Stripes, the regional standard and blue silk banners with rainbow centers, while for miles in the rear the seers of Irish organizations carried the green, white and gold flag of the "Irish Republic." This tricolor waved everywhere, replacing almost entirely the green banner with golden harp emblem which has been the standard in past processions on the feast day of Ireland's patron saint.

The parade was reviewed by Mayor Hylan, former Governor Smith and a number of other officials, including the Rev. Francis P. Duffy, chaplain of the "Fighting Irish."

Banners with stinging sentiments against England were carried by the women's organizations. One of their posters read "Bring a damn your concessions, we want you, country," and another described "British civilization in the Twentieth Century" as "The Torch, The Bullet, and the Bomb."

"We want no Anglo-Saxon rule in the United States," declared another sign. Behind it came a statement that "A True American is a True Patriot."

Uniformed cadets from several schools in New York marched to the music of Irish folk songs. The air was filled all afternoon with the playing of "The Green," "The Kathleen Mavourneen" and "My Irish Molly." Mingled with these tunes were harp music and the playing of the bagpipes.

The women of the Irish White Cross marched in two huge crosses, wearing the badge of service on their sleeves and carrying American and Sinn Féin flags. Clubs of men and women from various sections of Ireland formed other battalions.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander E. Anderson, who was grand marshal of the parade, characterized it as a "solemn and dignified protest against what is happening in Ireland."

HOLD-UP MEN STRANGLER—WOMAN IN BROOKLYN

New York, March 17.—Mrs. Henrietta Defelice, mother of nine children, was strangled to death by Harry S. Black, a nurse, who was gagged and bound by four hold-up men who entered their home in Brooklyn late this afternoon and demanded money and jewelry.

In trusting two women the robbers thrust a towel into Mrs. Defelice's mouth. To keep it in place, they passed a rope around her face. One man slipped down around her throat and was pulled so tight that it strangled her.

Mrs. Menditto, who was thrown on to a cot in a room adjoining that in which the two women were being held, helped herself to the floor after the robbers had fled with \$2,000 in jewelry and money.

Leaving her gas by pushing her face against the floor, she started to get up, pushing up the window with her head and called for the police.

News of the hold-up and murder, spreading rapidly, caused such indignation that police reserves had to be called to handle a crowd of 1,000 which quickly gathered.

Mrs. Menditto told the police that the holdups had not allowed her or her companion time to make a reply to their demands, but had at once seized them. She said they had put up a struggle, but soon were subdued and their money and jewelry taken from them.

SIGNIFICANCE ATTACHED TO RESIGNATION OF BONAR LAW

London, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—The prediction is freely made by politicians tonight that Mr. Bonar Law's resignation from the government means dissolution and general elections in the near future. The belief is based on the theory that he is the only conservative able to hold the party together behind the leadership of Mr. Lloyd George.

There has been much objection to some of Mr. Lloyd George's policies among the "old guard" conservatives, and many think that only Mr. Bonar Law's personality and diplomacy held them in line. His resignation, therefore, is considered necessary, but it will not be decided until after the unionists meet next week and elect a new leader.

REVENUE AGENT KILLED IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

Schenectady, N. Y., March 17.—Five men, believed to be revenue agents, were taken to the Ellis hospital tonight from an automobile wreck in which broken bottles of whiskey were conspicuous. One man was killed. The accident occurred about a mile east of the city on the road to Albany.

The man killed, it was said at the hospital, was George H. Farrell of Gloversville. He was an army uniform. William Thomas was seriously injured. The other three men declined to give their names.

Witnesses who saw the accident said they saw a touring car, with a government license plate, driven on a rain-slicked concrete pavement and then smash into a car going in the opposite direction. The occupants were tossed into the ditch. Both cars were wrecked.

Cabled Paragraphs

British Naval Construction.

London, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—Four capital warships of the Royal Navy will be laid down within a year, Sir James Craig, parliamentary and financial secretary to the admiralty, announced in the house of commons today.

Commentaries Acquired in Paris.

Paris, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—The ten communist leaders who were placed on trial Feb. 23 on the charge of plotting to overthrow the government in connection with the strikes of May 1, 1920, were acquitted today.

LIVING WAGE FOR WOMEN TO PROTECT HEALTH, MORALS

Hartford, March 17.—Women were in attendance in goodly numbers at the hearing on a bill for a living wage for women in low paid occupations to protect their health and morals. The bill was presented in the house by Miss Edwards of New Hartford. The bill was explained by Thomas I. Molloy of Hartford for the Consumers League. The bill provides for a commission of three members—an employer, an employee and a member from the public—one of whom must be a woman—appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate. The commission is given power to subpoena witnesses, to hold public hearings, and to make recommendations to the board of commissioners. The bill also provides that any employer who fails to comply with the commission's recommendations shall be fined.

TALK OF SERVING BEER OVER SODA FOUNTAIN COUNTERS

Washington, March 17.—The wholesale liquor establishment, however, of the retail drug store, is the subject of a bill introduced today by Representative Kramer. The bill is intended to put them in the same class as the soda fountain. The order today makes it possible for the retail drug store to serve beer direct with the soda fountain. The bill also provides that the soda fountain shall be subject to the same regulations as the retail drug store.

THOUSANDS WATCHED BIG PARADE IN BOSTON

Boston, March 17.—South Boston, decked in red, white and blue in honor of the 14th anniversary of the departure of British troops from Boston—and in green for St. Patrick, turned out by thousands this afternoon to watch the parade, in which federal troops were not allowed to participate.

Orders issued by Rear Admiral Dunn, commander of the First naval district, and Brigadier General Buckman, commanding the First army corps area, refusing to allow the troops to march, were sustained in a telegram from President Harding's secretary to John F. Harding, state president of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic.

The message said that although "the spirit of St. Patrick's day is felt throughout our country," nevertheless "the naval and military forces of the nation can have no part in any demonstration which may be construed as influencing the foreign relations of the republic."

When the telegram was received, parade officials gave orders that no placards were to be carried by any organization in the line, and the procession, led by several units of the Massachusetts National Guard, thereby became essentially a military spectacle.

The local bureau of the department of justice had announced that its agents would watch the parade for violations of the laws for wearing the uniform, but hundreds of former service men, many of them in khaki, but some in navy blue, thereby became essentially a military spectacle.

Members of the Grand Army of the Republic and of the Society of Foreign Wars, who followed the national guardsmen, had the appearance of a military aspect of the parade. No flags of the "Irish Republic" were carried by military units, but in the ranks of the Irish societies the blue, white and orange was far less conspicuous than the national colors.

Governor Cox, Mayor Peters and members of the city council reviewed the marchers.

FOUND 55 CASES OF LIQUOR IN PRIVATE PULLMAN CAR

Miami, Fla., March 17.—Prohibition agents tonight were holding for libel the private Pullman car of Harry S. Black, New York millionaire, in which 55 cases of liquor and prohibition agents allege they found fifty-five cases of liquor when they raided it last night.

Black was arrested here this morning. He supplied a cash bond for himself and two negro employees and was given a hearing tonight.

The police last night raided a shanty on a bay front lot which they say is owned by Mr. Black, seizing five cases of liquor and the negro caretaker.

Local prohibition officials believe that the car made the Volstead law went into effect. The car was brought to Miami today, and is being held pending instructions from the United States district attorney in Jacksonville.

\$100,000 JEWEL ROBBERY IN DAYLIGHT IN NEW YORK

New York, March 17.—Details of a \$100,000 jewel robbery perpetrated by four armed bandits in daylight last night at the corner of the Fifth Avenue and 42nd Street, where the Pochi Manufacturing Company, Inc., is located, were given by the police for 24 hours. The firm was closed for business, and the Pochi Manufacturing Company, Inc., is located at the corner of the Fifth Avenue and 42nd Street.

The bandits entered on the pretext of making a purchase, drew revolvers and held the proprietor, three employees and a customer, with whom they secured money and cash from the safes and show cases into a pillow case. The alarm was given by the bookkeeper, who succeeded in fleeing herself shortly after the robbers escape.

HAMAR GREENWOOD REBUKED FOR WEARING SHAMROCK

London, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—A little scene occurred at the opening of the house of commons this afternoon when Mr. Hamar Greenwood, secretary for Ireland, made his appearance with a sprig of shamrock in the button-hole of his coat.

The southern division of County Down, when he saw the shamrock, said to the chief secretary:

"Take that shamrock out of your coat. Don't be insulting to Ireland."

"I have hoped," replied Sir Hamar, "that the influence of the great Christian saint might save Ireland."

PROMINENT IRISH WOMEN APPEAL TO MRS. HARDING

Dublin, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—Five prominent Irish women in a message transmitted by the American relief committee's delegation here call on Mrs. Harding, wife of the president of the United States, to appeal to American women for emergency relief for Irish women and children.

The message asserts that large numbers of women have been made homeless by the destruction of houses, farms and shops, and that their babies are dying in hundreds.

Soviet Forces Have Captured Kronstadt on Tax Revision

Helsingfors, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—Kronstadt has surrendered to the soviet forces. This announcement is made by the revolutionary committee of Kronstadt, which has arrived in Finland accompanied by 500 soldiers.

Before retreating from Kronstadt the revolutionists blew up the warships of the Petrograd and Sebastopol navies. General Koslovski, leader of the revolutionists, has also arrived in Finland.

Insistent Demand Made For Raising Exemptions of the Lower Salaries.

Washington, March 17.—Formulation of a treasury policy on tax revision has been started and probably will be ready for submission to congress when it convenes April 11 in extra session. Treasury experts have been engaged for some time in making a survey of revenue sources and the extent to which each may be tapped in bringing money into the government's vaults.

Secretary Mellon said that no decision has been reached on any question pertinent to the form of new tax laws but that the aggregate amount of revenue from the various sources is being studied. The experts have been engaged for some time in making a survey of revenue sources and the extent to which each may be tapped in bringing money into the government's vaults.

Among the questions into which the experts have been delving is that of a sales tax and the treasury experts are expected to have completed a preliminary report showing the amount that can be expected from such a tax, together with data concerning the various sources of revenue.

Changes in the rates on larger incomes and increases in exemptions also are under consideration with a view to determining the aggregate amount of revenue. There has been an insistent demand for raising the exemption of the lower salaries, now placed at \$2,000 or more for men and \$1,000 for single persons.

Repeal of the excess profits tax, which has been particularly odious to business men, is also being considered. Experts also are investigating the revenue producing qualities of higher luxury taxes. Most treasury officials believe that the repeal of the excess profits tax is a possibility, particularly those similar to the collection of such taxes. It has been said that the repeal of the excess profits tax is a possibility, particularly those similar to the collection of such taxes. It has been said that the repeal of the excess profits tax is a possibility, particularly those similar to the collection of such taxes.

SIMONS CONFIDENT OF RENEWAL OF NEGOTIATIONS

Berlin, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—Dr. Walter Simons, the foreign minister, speaking before a committee of the economic council, said today that he was confident of the renewal of negotiations with France.

"We are presently waiting for the French government to make a move," he said. "We are presently waiting for the French government to make a move." "We are presently waiting for the French government to make a move." "We are presently waiting for the French government to make a move."

Dr. Simons expressed the view that the French economic distress could only be relieved by the resumption of negotiations with Germany. He said that the French government was waiting for the French government to make a move.

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RENTS ARE GOING UP WHILE WAGES ARE COMING DOWN

Boston, March 17.—Rents are going up while wages are coming down. Charles H. Smith, president of the Boston Landlord's Association, said today that rents were being raised in many parts of the city.

"The cost of living is going up," he said. "The cost of living is going up." "The cost of living is going up." "The cost of living is going up."

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PACKERS' EMPLOYEES ALMOST UNANIMOUS FOR STRIKE

Chicago, March 17.—An almost unanimous vote in favor of a national strike in the packing industry was cast throughout the country, according to union officials who began to count the ballots tonight. Definite returns are not expected before tomorrow.

"Information from all points," said Dennis Lane, secretary of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's union, "indicates that the sentiment is almost unanimous in favor of a strike in the event that the government fails to have the packers return to work in compliance with the wartime arbitration agreement."

At the same time Mr. Lane sent a telegram to Secretary of Labor Davis at Washington charging that the packers were trying to break the wartime arbitration agreement and appealing to the secretary to use his influence to prevent an open break before the conference in Washington on Monday.

May Be Assistant Secretary Of The Navy

Washington, March 17.—Brigadier General John W. Ruckelshaus, commander of the First Coast Artillery district, in an address here today before the chamber of commerce, urged that immediate steps be taken to strengthen the defenses of the New England coast from Maine to Connecticut with special reference to the naval base at Newport. He recommended the installation of a new 16-inch gun on Montauk point, Block Island, No. Man's Land, Cape Cod, Cape Ann, Portsmouth and Portland, to be supplemented by the construction of a railroad and tractor trolly to fill in the shore between these points and make a continuous line of defense. Widening of the Cape Cod canal and of Heli Gate at the mouth of the bay were also recommended.

"With this arrangement," he declared, "all the navies could not enforce an effective blockade against our fleet located in Narragansett Bay."

LABOR TO BE REPRESENTED AT L. OF N. COUNCIL MEETINGS

New York, March 17.—The International labor office will hereafter be represented at meetings of the League of Nations by a committee of the League's New Bureau announced here today. Albert Thomas, former French minister of munitions, and now director of the International labor office, will represent that body at meetings of the council. He will be the first representative of labor within the central authority and of the league.

Brief Telegrams

Strike of Mexican railroad men is reported to have been settled.

First of the prohibition enforcement bills, the Mulford-Sage bill, was passed by the New York assembly.

Production of wine in France in 1920 amounted to about 1,490,557,000 gallons as against 1,235,547,000 gallons in 1919.

A Strathmore memorial scholarship in transportation, yielding \$800 a year, has been established at Yale.

Dodge Brothers Motor Car company, Detroit, closed since last December, reopened yesterday with a force of between 2,500 and 4,000 men.

John M. Starr, a pioneer bell manufacturer in Connecticut, died at his home at East-Hampton of heart failure, aged 75.

Frederic E. Seabury of San Antonio, Texas, is understood to have been elected by President Harding as a director of the Taft Trust.

The Delta Bank and Trust Company of Clarksville, Miss., was closed temporarily pending the winding up of obligations, it was announced.

The Lumber Dealers' association of Connecticut is going to advertise, "so that the public may be fully informed" as to the lumber business.

An increase of \$25 a year in tuition fees of all classes and departments at Tufts college was announced by the trustees.

The Boston Telegram, a new evening newspaper, appeared Wednesday. Frederick M. Entwistle is editor and publisher. The price is one cent.

The Yale & Towne Manufacturing Co., Stamford, announced today that its plant will be closed on March 24 for ten days. The concern now employs 3,000 hands.

Twenty barrels of hard cider were discovered in the basement of the Seneca County court house, Waterloo, N. Y., by Police Chief Van Riper.

King Constantine said rumor spread in the United States that he was going to abdicate in favor of his son, Prince George, was without foundation.

The extremes adopted by the modern age should not be judged too harshly, according to Mary Jones Potter, dean of women at Northwestern university.

Trade agreements by which Great Britain and Russia will resume commercial relations was signed in London. The Board of Trade revised several clauses.

The Derby Manufacturing company, of Derby, has lost a suit to restrain the collector of internal revenue from collecting federal taxes to the amount of \$529,000.

Former Governor Spry of Utah is understood to have been decided upon by President Harding for appointment as commissioner of the General Land office.

United States Senator Charles E. Towne and Miss Nannette B. Loomis were married at the home of the bride's mother, Ernest B. Loomis, at Jackson, Mich.

Fire Wednesday destroyed the planing mill on the Simsbury road, at Avon, owned by H. W. Woodford. A large quantity of lumber was burned. The loss was estimated at \$50,000.

The building trades labor troubles were extended to Boston when lumber teamsters, handlers and tallymen numbering 400 waited out in most of the lumber yards of the city.

H. M. Tarr, representing the cotton industry of Rhode Island, collapsed while testifying at the public hearing at the state house in Boston on the proposed increase in railroad rates.

Dr. Kling, head of the state bacteriological laboratory in St. Louis, is reported to have discovered the microbe of sleeping sickness and to have established that the disease is infectious.

Representatives of twenty or more oil companies operating in Mexico met at Galveston, Texas, and it was rumored that Article 27 of the new constitution of the major subjects was to be discussed.

Three hundred men went on strike Wednesday at the Toledo, O., plant of the Standard Oil company. The strikers posted a notice that wages would be reduced and the working day lengthened.

Joseph Blunt, colored, was burned to death on an abandoned coal barge in the Norfolk river early yesterday morning, having been overcome by smoke in the cabin of the barge, where he made his home.

A single Massachusetts monument to commemorate the men of that state who fought in France was recommended to the legislature unanimously by the special commission which returned recently from a tour of the battlefields.

Mayer C. B. Wilson of Bridgeport announced that if reports from employers and employees about the proposed daylight saving time, he will issue a proclamation under which clocks will be moved ahead by "common consent."

Post office inspectors arrived in Madison, Maine, to investigate the sending through the mail from the Anson office of the bomb which exploded in the office of Dr. John L. Pepper, maiming him for life.

Dispatches to the London Times from Raza said that Red soldiers who have reached there do not want to return to Russia, four of them committing suicide in preference.

March 16 a tax payer whose total tax is four cents, has insisted on being paid in four installments and who bought a one cent money order for which he paid three cents was revealed in Augusta, Ga.

Frederick S. Walls, who has served as department commander of the Grand Army in Maine and is a major in the Maine National Guard, died at Vinal Haven, Maine, at the age of 77.

With the biggest shipment of Chinese fireworks received at Boston in many years aboard the British steamship Rangoon, it is believed that the Chinese protection until the rockets, crackers and star shells are taken off.

Bridgeport.—The body of Mrs. Helen Bonomo, daughter of Patrick Boyle of Bristol, was brought home from Bath, Me., last week for burial. Mrs. Bonomo met death in an unusual accident. She was on board a schooner of which her husband is captain. As she stooped to pick up some snow to throw at him, she tripped and fell with such force as to break her neck.

COSTA RICA ANNULS GREAT OIL FIELD GRANT TO GREAT BRITAIN

The New Costa Rica Government Will Not Recognize Concession of Approximately 7,000 Square Miles of Potential Oil Fields Granted by the Tinoco Government to Great Britain—Great Britain is Understood to Have Undertaken to Enforce the Claim by Threats of Trade Retaliation.

Washington, March 17.—A concession involving approximately 7,000 square miles of potential oil fields in Costa Rica, granted by the late Tinoco government and held by British interests, has been annulled by the new Costa Rican government.

Advised by the state department that the Costa Rican congress on March 7 voted 24 to 19 against recognizing this act of the Tinoco government. The congress was originally obtained by Almon and Sons, an American concern and subsequently sold to the British interests, reported to include the son of the British premier, Lloyd George.

Neither Great Britain nor the United States recognized the Tinoco government but they have recognized the new government. Since extending recognition, Great Britain, according to the advice, has undertaken to enforce the claim by bringing pressure to bear, and threatening trade retaliation.

It was said today at the state department that the American government had taken no action with regard to the concession. The position of the United States is understood to be that it could not act against the granting of the oil concession to British interests by Costa Rica while it was demanding equal treatment for citizens of all countries in its own territory and other former enemy possessions for which mandates have been granted.

JURY FINDS CLARA HAMON NOT GUILTY OF MURDER

Amherst, Ohio, March 17.—Clara Smith Hamon today was acquitted of a charge of having murdered Jake L. Hamon, republican national committee man from Oklahoma and millionaire. The jury was originally obtained by Almon and Sons, an American concern and subsequently sold to the British interests, reported to include the son of the British premier, Lloyd George.

Clara Hamon obtained the information July seven minutes before the verdict was rendered in open court, and surrounded by members of her family, half smiling, half afraid to believe the odds of assurance that she was toward her. When Judge Thomas W. Champlin pronounced the verdict, she was surrounded by members of her family, half smiling, half afraid to believe the odds of assurance that she was toward her.

Clara Hamon gaped audibly in the tensely silent court room, dropped forward in her seat, only to be seized from behind by her younger brother, "Jimmie," squeezed violently and kissed. Tears came to her eyes and the other members of her family cried with her as she crossed to the standing jurors and haltingly thanked them for their verdict.

"I am the happiest woman in the world," she said.

She used a secret passage from the court room to escape the crowds which were waiting outside to greet her.

Tonight her plans for the future were incomplete, she and members of her family were considering a number of business propositions, according to Walter Scott of Fort Worth, Tex., one of her counsel, but what she will do in the immediate future is undetermined.

Her father, J. L. Smith, is seriously ill at El Paso, and it was said she might return there to be with him in the last days of what is termed an illness which may be fatal.

None of the members of the family of Jake L. Hamon was in the court room testifying at the jury trial. Mrs. Clara Hamon, the widow, and her 19 year old son left when the case was placed in the jury's hands. Mr. Hamon at that time was in the city.

Clara Hamon is a native of Ohio. She was married to Jake L. Hamon in 1910. They had three children. She was a member of the Methodist church.

CONSTABLE SHOT BY A BURGLAR IN DUBLIN

Dublin, March 17.—(By the A. P.)—Constable Boyd was shot by an alleged burglar named Gordon when he attempted to arrest Gordon at Newtownards, in County Down, today. The burglar barricaded himself in a room and shot and defying attempts to arrest him. Constables and special officers armed with revolvers and bombs surrounded the house.

Gordon surrendered when he was injured by a bomb thrown in his barricaded room by the besiegers.

Gordon possessed two revolvers, exchanged shots with the besieging forces and threw a bomb, but without causing any casualties. The town is in an uproar. Boyd was taken to a hospital in a dying condition.

PROHIBITION AGENTS SEIZE TWO AUTOS AND MOTORTRUCK

Stamford, Conn., March 17.—Two passenger automobiles and a motortruck were seized here early today by federal prohibition agents, who arrested seven men in connection with the seizure of the automobiles and motortruck. The men were taken to the Stamford police station.

In a specially constructed compartment under the truck the agents found 105 gallons of alcohol. The driver gave his name as John J. Verrell, 123 Main street, New Britain; his companion said he was Peter Sebastian, 253 South Main street, Waterbury. In one of the passenger cars a stopper was removed, disclosing a quantity of alcohol. The men were taken to the Stamford police station.

A single Massachusetts monument to commemorate the men of that state who fought in France was recommended to the legislature unanimously by the special commission which returned recently from a tour of the battlefields.

NO RECEIVERSHIP CONSIDERED FOR THE NEW HAVEN RAILROAD

Boston, March 17.—No receivership for the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company is under consideration, E. J. Pearson, president, declared in a statement issued here tonight.

"Unauthorized talk of receivership is unfortunate," Mr. Pearson said. "We hope to get justice in division of rates and labor readjustment. We need just a little assistance to turn the corner, and with everybody co-operating an adjustment can be made in a very short time."

DEFAULTING POSTMISTERS CAUGHT AFTER A YEAR

Boston, March 17.—Miss Marian L. Lang, former postmistress of Norwell, R., who has been sought for nearly a year on charges of embezzling \$1752 of postal funds was arrested today. She was arrested at her home in Norwell, in the Norwell district where she had been living recently. Miss Lang disappeared last summer.

\$15,000 TO PURCHASE BUILDING USED BY ANDREW JOHNSON

Nashville, Tenn., March 17.—A bill appropriating \$15,000 for the purchase and preservation of the little building in Greeneville, Tenn., which Andrew Johnson, seventeenth president of the United States, used as a tailor shop before his entrance into politics, passed the senate today and now goes to the governor.

OBITUARY

John Joseph O'Neill, March 17.—John Joseph O'Neill, a lawyer in New York city since 1897, when he was admitted to the bar, died suddenly early today, at his home here, of heart trouble. He was an officer in the state guard, and director of small arms practice for the Fifth Infantry and last night, with Col. G. H. Hennessey of the regiment, he assisted in the state guard since his resignation as the home guard, serving on the staff of Col. James Geddes, whom Col. Hennessey succeeded.

A son of the late John O'Neill, who was one of the state's best known lawyers, John Joseph O'Neill was graduated from Georgetown university and the law school of the University of Pennsylvania. During his practice here he served as counsel in many cases heard in the bankruptcy court. He leaves his wife and a brother. One of the sisters, Miss Susan C. O'Neill, and the brother, Frank R. O'Neill, both of this city, were in part-nership with John Joseph O'Neill, the law firm of O'Neill, O'Neill and O'Neill.